# Communication

### VOCABULARY

### A Complete each sentence with the best word.

1	Good presenters rarely ramble. They usually try to be as Succinct as possible							
	a)	inarticulate	b)	hesitant	c)	succinct		
2	Her	arguments were so	l agreed to l	ner proposal.				
	a)	fluent	b)	extrovert	c)	persuasive		
3		audience were verysentation.		and carrie	ed him throu	ıgh his difficult		
	a)	responsive	b)	eloquent	c)	coherent		
4		e is a very wants to achieve.	oerso	on. She always l	keeps her at	ttention fixed on what		
	a)	sensitive	b)	focused	c)	fluent		
5		never says what he thinks	or sh	lows what he fe	els. How ca	n anybody be so		
	a)	rambling	b)	fluent	c)	reserved		
6		rybody seems soreally care what other peo			ehave and s	peak freely, and do		
	a)	incoherent	b)	articulate	c)	uninhibited		
7		know that not all politiciar autocue.	is are	<u>.</u>	Some of t	hem even use		
	a)	eloquent	b)	inhibited	c)	hesitant		
Match these words to make compounds and collocations relating to communication.								
1	exte	ensive —		a)	accuracy			
2	eye		\	b)	communi	cation		
3	boo	ly		c)	contact			
4	gra	mmatical		d)	humour			
5	sen	se of	/	e)	language			

#### VOCABULARY +

В

6 effective

## C Complete the following phrases with say or tell as appropriate.

1	tell a story	6	somebody what to do
2	the time	7	hello / goodbye
3	as far as I can	8	a lie / lies
4	yes or no	9	what you mean
5	somebody to do something	10	something under your breath

f) vocabulary

D	c.	amplete the following contanges with the appropriate form of say or tall				
U		omplete the following sentences with the appropriate form of say or tell.				
	Can you think of situations when it might be better not totellthe truth?					
	2	How easy or how difficult do you find it toother people to do things for you?				
	3	In meetings, how often do youwhat you think?				
	4	Have you evera joke in English?				
	5	How easy or how difficult is it tothe difference between the banknotes used in your country?				
	6	Can you				
	7	When you were a child, did you use to do as you were?				
	Cl	neck your answers in the key. Then answer the questions for yourself.				
Α	Co	omplete the idioms in the sentences below with the correct nouns.				
	1	They sent us a very long reply with all the details. But to put it in anutshell, that's it, we've won the contract!				
	2	I wish my boss would stop beating about theand tell me clearly whether or not I stand a chance of being promoted soon.				
	3	She expected profit figures and I was going on about sales figures. Once again, we were just talking at cross				
	4	Not official yet, but it seems we're going to relocate. Just heard it on the				
	5	If you think you can give a good presentation just because you know your subject inside out, well, I'm afraid you've got the wrong of the				
	6	This is a very badly written report. I just can't makeorof it.				
	7	I've tried to tell my boss, but it's like talking to a				
В	Re	eorder the words to make idioms.				
	1	to / the / in / loop / someone / keep				
		to / straight / the / get / mouth / it / horse's / from				
		to / point / come / the / straight / to				
		to / picture / somebody / the / in / put				
		to / on / wavelength / same / be / the				
C	Co	omplete the sentences with the correct form of an idiom from exercise B.				
	1	I know you couldn't attend the meeting, so here's a summary of the main points just to put you in the picture				
	2	Let me: I think your performance is totally unsatisfactory.				
	3	I want to be I don't want important decisions to be taken without me.				
	4	I thought it was a rumour, but today I Andrew told me he was resigning.				
	5	Fortunately Sue and Iso we hardly ever disagree about anything.				

LANGUAGE REVIEW

Idioms

### D Match these new idioms with their definitions.

- **1** air your views
- 2 be at a loss for words
- **3** drop a hint
- **4** give somebody the low-down
- 5 keep somebody up to date

- a) tell somebody all the information they want or need to know
- **b)** unable to say anything because something surprising or totally unexpected has happened
- c) express your opinions about something in public
- d) give somebody regular information about things
- e) make a suggestion in an indirect way

# Complete the sentences with the appropriate form of an idiom from exercise D.

- 1 E-mail me every day to .. keep me up to date ... with the latest developments, will you?
- 2 When she was told she'd been nominated Businesswoman of the Year, she
- **3** Could you briefly ......on their financial situation before our meeting this afternoon?
- **4** Every week in our department there's a meeting where the administrative staff can ...... and discuss problems.
- **5** We can't be sure, but management ......that there might be redundancies.

### WRITING Linking ideas

#### A Study the examples of linking words.

- **1** *Despite* his great sense of humour, he often finds it difficult to respond to his audience.
- 2 *In spite of* his shyness, he is a brilliant speaker.
- **3** *Although* he generally communicates his ideas clearly, I often find it hard to follow him.
- **4** Even though I'd put them in the picture, they didn't seem to grasp what I was on about.

#### Cross out the two explanations which are not correct.

The words in italics are used to

- a) express the cause of something, the reason for something.
- b) reinforce an idea, add information.
- c) contrast ideas.

# B Tick the three sentences which make sense. Then check your answers in the key.

- 1 I managed to follow their conversation, *although* my attention had drifted away. ✓
- **2** Even though the talk was awfully boring, I left the room after a couple of minutes.
- 3 Despite the fact that he knew he was right, he refused to admit it.
- 4 In spite of their criticisms, I didn't lose my confidence.
- **5** I was unable to express my disagreement *although* I am generally assertive.
- **6** I felt sleepy throughout the meeting *in spite* of my tiredness.

#### Rewrite the three incorrect sentences in exercise B.

# Use your knowledge of linkers to guess the meaning of the words and phrases in *italics*.

- 1 Although Sue is usually very direct, this time she was really beating about the bush.
- **2** Despite the market's *bearish* trend, he was optimistic about share prices going up again soon.
- **3** Although he often tends to *waffle*, today he made a presentation that was clear, concise and to the point.
- **4** Their new product sold quite well even though the advertising campaign was a complete *flop*.
- **5** They managed to find a huge site for the new factory in spite of the *scarcity* of land in that part of the country.

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