

Grammar

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have got, possessive adjectives and pronouns, whose



Complete the tables.

Look at the spelling rules on page 139.

Present simple			
Positive	I / You / We / They		go
	He / She / It	H-10/1975	goes
Negative	I / You / We / They	not (don't)	go
	He / She / It	not (doesn't)	

Questions		
Do	I / you / we / they	go?
Does	he / she / it	

Present continuous			
Positive	Typinal areas a fact	('m)	going
	He / She / It	is ()	
	We / You / They	('re)	
Negative	1	am not ()	going
	He / She / It	(isn't)	
1	We / You / They	(aren't)	

Questions				
Am	1			
ls	he / she / it	?		
Are	you / we / they			

2 Read the information.

Present simple

Use

We use the present simple to talk about:

· habits, things that we do regularly.

We usually go to the park after school.

 facts, things that are always or usually true:

My sister works in a bookshop. The Earth goes round the sun.

Time expressions

- We often use these time expressions with the present simple:

 in September, in the morning/afternoon/ evening on Mondays/Tuesdays every day/week/month, once/twice/three times a week/month/year
- These time expressions come at the beginning or end of the sentence.
 Every weekend we visit our cousins.
 My dad starts work at eight every day.
- We also use adverbs of frequency (always, usually, often, sometimes, never) with the present simple. They come before the main verb.

Peter never tidies his room.

Do you always get up at seven?

And **after** the verb be. I'm never late for school. He isn't usually busy on Sundays.

Present continuous

Use

We use the present continuous to talk about:

- something that is happening now:
 Sam and Alex are watching TV.
- temporary situations:
 Fred's staying with his aunt this weekend.

Time expressions

We often use these time expressions with the present continuous: now, right now, at the moment, today this week/month/year, these days. She's doing her homework at the moment.

Present simple and present continuous

Compare these examples:

He usually does his homework in the evening. (A habit. Use the present simple.)
He's doing his homework. (This is happening now. Use the present continuous.)

Complete with the present simple.

1	Harry often goes	to the park after school. (go)		
2	My brother	er meat. (not eat)		
3	Where	? (your cousins / live)		
4	Beth	articles for TeenLink. (write)		
5	on Saturdays? (your parents / work)			
6	What time	in the morning? (you / get up)		
7	1	to the theatre very often. (not go)		

4 Complete with the present continuous.

1	Stop that noise! I'm trying to do my homework! (try)
2	Dave and Brian want to go home. They a good time. (not have)
3	Why? (you / laugh)
4	to us? (that girl / talk)
5	Vicky for her test. She's at the sports centre. (not study)
6	Harry's in his room. He a report for TeenLink. (write)

Complete with every day or at the moment.

- Beth's tidying her room at the moment
 Harry gets up early
- 3 Mr and Mrs Davis are watching TV
- 4 Peter goes to the park
- 5 Beth drinks a glass of milk
- 6 Lucy's playing the violin.....

6 Read and write.

On Monday afternoon

Harry – edit 'TeenLink' Lucy – do homework Mrs Hardy – go to the gym Peter – play football Beth – study Spanish Mr Davis – run in the park

Today

Harry – listen to new CD Lucy – watch film on TV Mrs Hardy – visit friend Peter – read book Beth – write story Mr Davis – cook dinner

1	On Monday afternoon, Harry usually edits 'TeenLink'	but today he is listening to his new CD
2	On Monday afternoon, Lucy	but today
3	On Monday afternoon, Mrs Hardy	but today
4	On Monday afternoon, Peter	but today
5	On Monday afternoon, Beth	but today
3	On Monday afternoon, Mr Davis	but todau

Read the information.

State verbs

We usually use the present simple, not the present continuous with state verbs.

Here are some common state verbs:

believe, belong, cost, feel, hate, have (= possess), hear, know, like, love, need, prefer, remember, see, smell, taste, think, understand, want

I don't believe you! ✓ I'm not believing you.

What do you want? ✓ What are you wanting?

Does he have a bike? ✓ Is he having a bike?

8 Circle the correct answer.

- I Bella loves is loving milk.
- 2 Why do you look / are you looking at me?
- 3 Do you remember / Are you remembering my friend Nikki?
- 4 Be quiet! I watch / I'm watching the news!
- 5 Cosmo hates / is hating dogs.
- 6 Listen to me! I talk / I'm talking to you!
- 7 What's this? What do you do / are you doing?
- 8 I'm sorry, I don't understand / I'm not understanding.

9	Complete with the present simple or present continuous.		
1	A: What I are you doing (you / do)?		
	en's here – and we're both really		
	hungry! A: Oh. Well, I ³ (go) to the supe (you / need) anything?	rmarket. ⁴	
	B: Yes. Could you get us some orange juice? No, wait. Journage juice – can you get us two cans of cola?	en ⁵ (not like)	
ľ	A: OK.		
2	A: 1 6 (not understand) how this	program works. Can you help me?	
	B: I'm sorry, I can't. I'm late. Tim 7	(wait) for me downstairs. Ask Dad	
	to help you. He's in the living room – he 8	(read) his newspaper	
	A: Dad can't help me. He 9(not	know) anything about computers!	
0	Read and complete with the present simple or present continuous. Teen In Cash and the famous pop star, is in our town! The staying are stay at the Fairview Hotel her family. If a gentle work, Jennifer a gentle work, Jenni	near the lake for a few days with he moment', Jennifer says. by) my free time!' (have) a busy day. She o'clock in the morning and she ur. Then she o with her band. 'I time for myself!' she says 'But ake) riding lessons. Oh, and the	
	riting practice	work on a new film / TV series / album	
	Write about your favourite film star / pop star. Use some of these ideas and your own ideas.	read / write a book spend a few days in / with take lessons	
	STAR NEWS	learn how to play (the guitar / golf)	
Contract to the same	by		

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