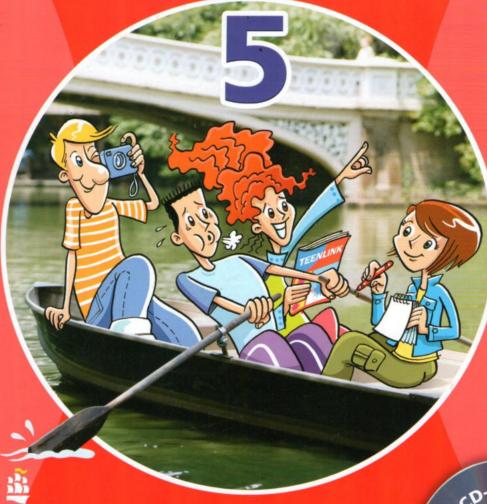
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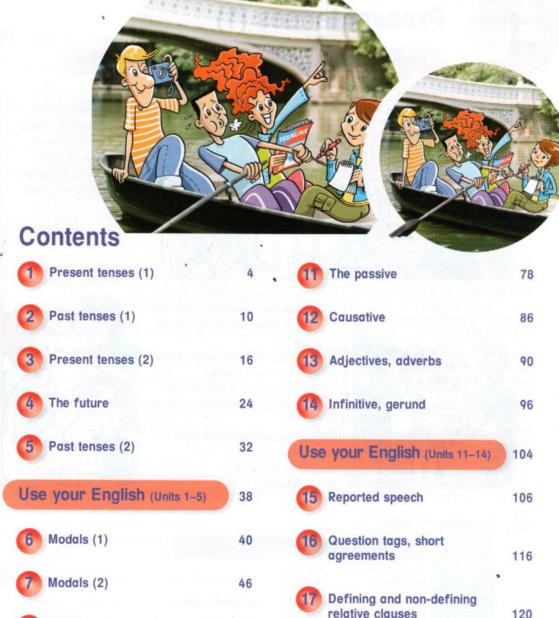
Grammar Time



PEARSON

Sandy Jervis

CD-ROM



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Use your English (Units 15–18)

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Use your English (Units 6-10)



Present tenses (1)

Present simple, present continuous, state verbs



Beth: It sounds awful! Lucy:

Peter:

I hate it! It's just a horrible racket! I love it! Who's

playing the guitar? I think he's great!

I am. Thanks! I'm Dash, Harry's cousin.



Harry: Dash is staying with us for a few weeks. He's got a new job in London and he's looking for

a flat.

Peter: Great! What do you do, Dash?

Dash: I'm a music teacher.

Harry: He's in a band, too! They're making their first CD! Listen to

Well, it doesn't sound that Beth:

bad ...

Lucy: No, not at all.

Actually ...



Complete the tables.

Present sin	nple		
Positive	I / You / We / They He / She / It	live	
Negative	I / You / We / They He / She / It	not (don't)	live
Questions	Do Does	I / you / we /they he / she / it	live?

Present co	ntinuous		
Positive	I He / She / It We / You / They	is('m)	looking
Negative	I He / She / It We / You / They	am not(isn't) are not	looking
Questions	Am Is Are	I he / she / it you / we / they	?

Read the information.

Present simple

Use

We use the present simple to talk about

 habits, repeated actions or something we do regularly

I usually watch TV after dinner.

He plays the guitar in a band.

- facts, things that are always or usually true
 Chris lives in Scotland. Hens lay eggs.
- · programmes and timetables

Our train leaves at 8.30 a.m.

The film starts at 6 o'clock.

Time expressions

We use these expressions with the present simple. Their place is at the beginning or the end of the sentence.

 in (January), in the morning / the afternoon / the evening

The shop closes for a few days in August.

In the afternoon, I sit in the garden and have a cup of tea.

- on (Mondays / Monday), on weekdays, on (Saturday) morning / afternoon / evening
- · at the weekend

We don't go to school on Sunday.

On Tuesday afternoon, I go to an art class.

 every day / week / month, once / twice / three times (etc) a week / month / year
 I drink two glasses of milk every day.
 They go on holiday twice a year.

Adverbs of frequency

We use adverbs of frequency to show how often we do something. Usually, their place is before the main verb or after the verb be.

 always, usually, often, sometimes, never My sister sometimes borrows my clothes.

Do they usually stay up late?

I'm always hungry.

This door is never closed.

Present continuous

Use

We use the present continuous to talk about

 something that is happening now (at the moment or for a longer period).

Mum is talking on the phone right now. He's taking driving lessons this month.

temporary situations, something that is

happening this time only
I'm staying at my grandmother's for a few days.
She usually takes the bus to school, but today she's walking.

Time expressions

We use these time expressions with the present continuous. Their place is at the beginning or the end of the sentence

 at the moment, now, right now, today, this week / month / year, these days
 It isn't raining at the moment.
 He's working hard these days.

		0.0		
3	Complete	with the	present	simple.

- I My dad usually drives to work. (drive)

 Their plane at 9 a.m. (leave)
- 3 We meat every day. (not eat)
- 4 What time they? (get up)
- 5 I never this computer. (use)
- 6 I'm a musician. What you? (do)
- 7 She coffee. (not drink)

Complete with the present continuous.

- 2 Sandra jeans today. (not wear)
 3 your cousin with
- you these days? (live)

- 4 Sorry, you to me? (talk)
- 5 What they here? (do)
- 6 Ethan and I the match on TV. (watch)
- 7 He very fast. (not run)

Match.

He plays the piano. He's playing the piano. happening now

2 They're staying at a hotel. They often stay at a hotel.

temporary repeated action

3 I always have cereal for breakfast. I'm having cereal for breakfast today.

this time only

habit

The sun is setting. Isn't it beautiful? The sun sets in the West.

happening now

The film starts at 10 o'clock.

fact

Shh! The film is starting!

happening now programme

Circle the correct answer.

- I Can I call you back? We have /are having lunch at the moment.
- 2 Elizabeth doesn't eat / isn't eating red meat. She's a vegetarian.
- 3 What do you do / are you doing right now?
- 4 We don't watch / aren't watching TV in the morning.
- 5 She wants to live in Brighton but she lives / is living in London at the moment.
- 6 I don't cook / 'm not cooking today. There are sandwiches in the fridge.
- 7 Do they look / Are they looking for a new car?
- 8 The match usually finishes / is finishing at 8 o'clock.
- 9 Look! The red hen lays / is laying an egg!
- 10 We don't usually listen / aren't usually listening to this kind of music.

Complete with the present simple or the present continuous.

- 1 1 get up at 7 o'clock on weekdays. (get up)
- 2 Hurry up! John for you outside the cinema. (wait)
- 3 What you usually at the weekends? (do)
- 4 Dad to the office today. It's a bank holiday. (not go)
- 5 they at the moment? (work)
- 6 We cake for breakfast every day. (not have)
- 7 she her grandparents every week? (visit)
- 8 They for their final exam at the moment. (study)
- 9 1..... to this radio show every week. (listen)
- 10 The sun today! (shine)

Circle the correct answer.

- Alex is sleeping at the moment every day.
- 2 Are you leaving right now / every weekend?
- 3 They practice every day / today.
- 4 We aren't staying at a hotel every year / this time.
- 5 Henry and I play football at the weekend / right now.
- 6 Is it raining every evening / at the moment?
- 7 Does she wash her hands today / before she starts cooking?
- 8 We do the shopping this month / on Saturdays.
- 9 The restaurant is doing a special deal on pizzas this week / every week: buy one, get one free!
- 10 This shop doesn't open right now / on Sundays.

Choose and complete.

Peter 1 usually walks to school, but 2......he's riding his bike. 3, he has football practice after school and he doesn't want to be late. (on Mondays, usually, today) It is 3 p.m. Beth is playing a computer game 4..... She 5 reads a book, but she never watches TV 6 (sometimes, in the afternoon, at the moment) 7, Lucy relaxes in her room. She ⁸ listens to music or writes emails to her friends. 9, she's painting Cosmo's portrait. (often, Right now, on Sunday evening)







Read and complete. Use the present simple or the present continuous.

TeenLink

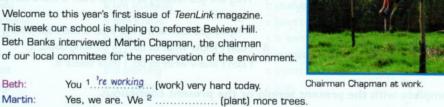
Interview of the week

Beth:

Beth:

Martin:

This week our school is helping to reforest Belview Hill. Beth Banks interviewed Martin Chapman, the chairman



Beth: Why 3 [you / do] this? Well, it usually 4 (rain) a lot in this area and the water Martin:

5 (carry) the soil away. We often 6 (have) floods.

So we need more trees. Trees are important because their roots 7 (keep) the soil in its place.

Who's helping you today?

A lot of local people. Some people 8 (dig) holes and others Martin:

9 (water) the trees. Many of your schoolmates 10

(help), too, so we 11......(do) the work fast.

I often 12 (help) my dad in the garden. Is there anything I can do? Beth:



Read the information.

State verbs

Some verbs describe a state, not an action. These verbs do not have a continuous form. We use them only in the present simple form. These

verbs are:

- · see, look, hear, sound, smell, taste, feel
- · like, dislike, love, hate, prefer, not mind
- think, know, believe, seem, remember, forget, remind, understand, realise
- have (= possess), want, need, mean, own, belong, cost

This music sounds horrible!

This music is sounding horrible!

I think he's very good.

I'm thinking he's very good.

Some state verbs can be both state and action verbs depending on their meaning. As state

verbs they do not have a continuous form, but as action verbs they do. Look at these examples:

- She has her MP3 player with her today.
 (have = possess, state verb)
- She's having lunch with her friends today.
 (have lunch = eat, action verb)
- I think you're right.
 (think = believe, have an opinion, state verb)
- What are you thinking about? (think = what goes through our mind, active verb)

Other verbs like these are:

State verb	Action verb
see	see (= meet)
look (= appear)	look
smell (= have an odour)	smell
feel (= have texture)	feel (= give an
	impression)

Cross out the wrong sentence.

- I ls this perfume smelling nice?

 Does this perfume smell nice?
- 2 She has two cats and a goldfish. She's having two cats and a goldfish.
- 3 I'm thinking it's a good idea.
 I think it's a good idea!
- 4 This book looks very old. This book is looking very old.
- 5 Why do you smell the cheese? Is it off? Why are you smelling the cheese? Is it off?
- 6 Harry can't come to the phone. He's having a shower. Harry can't come to the phone. He has a shower.
- 7 Why are you looking at me like that? Is there something on my face? Why do you look at me like that? Is there something on my face?
- 8 I don't know what to do. I'm thinking about it. I don't know what to do. I think about it.

(3) Complete with the present simple or the present continuous.

ı	Their new CD is great! What aby you will (think)
2	There's Jenny! She at us! (wave)
3	I his story. I he's lying. (not believe, think)
4	you your first toy? (remember)
5	She blue cheese. She never eats it. (hate)
6	I'm not sure I can buy this bike. I it's too expensive. (think)
7	this bag to Pam? (belong)
8	Paul very cheerful these days. (not seem)
9	Timothy a music lesson at the moment. (have)
0	They a word! They can't speak our language. (not understand)
1	You can go out with your friends. I! (not mind)
2	What? (mean)

4

Read and choose the correct answer.

TeenLink



Hello! My name's Beth Banks. 1 Do you remember me?	
I ² this note to introduce myself and my friends to our new readers: I'm twelve years old and I ³ to the same school as Harry, Peter and Lucy.	
Harry Davis is the Editor of the school magazine, $\textit{TeenLink}$. He 4	
Peter Hardy is fourteen years old and he's in the same class as Harry. He ⁹ joke and food! He's with me at the moment: he ¹⁰ his third ice cream!	
Lucy is Peter's sister. She's only eleven but she's got a great talent: she ¹¹ like a real artist! At the moment, she ¹² the violin. Unfortunately, she hasn't got any talent for music!	

1	a You remember	b Are you remembering	c Do you remember
2	a write	b am writing	c writing
3	a 'm going	b goes	c go
4	a decides	b is deciding	c does decide
5	a always says	b says always	c is always saying
6	a writes	b writing	c write
7	a study	b am studying	c studying
8	a not have	b don't have	c hasn't
9	a loves	b love	c is loving
10	a eat	b eats	c is eating
П	a paint	b is painting	c paints
12	a plays	b is playing	c play

Write about you, your friends and / or family.

Write about what you usually do, how you spend your time, your likes and dislikes. Write about what you are doing at the moment, or these days.	